Q1 2022 Interim Report

YA Holding AB (publ) - First quarter 2022



YrkesAkademin conducts employment training and secondary vocational education in several areas, including professional drivers, earth moving machine operators, industry, restaurant, real estate maintenance, construction and vehicle mechanics.

































YA Holding is a Sweden based educational company holding a leading position in the vocational education, employment training and matching. The business is primarily conducted in YrkesAkademin,
YrkesAkademin YH and Arcus Utbildning & Jobbförmedling.



Arcus Utbildning & Jobbförmedling is the leading company in Sweden in matching and helps a substantial number of people to find real jobs.











- Net sales increased by 10.1% to 216.9 mnkr (197.1).
- EBIT for the quarter amounted to -8.1 mnkr (10.5).
- Total cash flow for the quarter was -8.8 mnkr (1.6).
- The average number of students and participants was 10 643 (6 636). The increase is attributable to the acquisition of Arcus Utbildning & Jobbförmedling AB (Arcus).
- The share of participants employed three months after the training was 61% (44%) for the quarter. The measurement is covering employment training (AUB) and Vocational secondary education (VUX).

Significant events

 In January, YA signed 45 new contracts for professional drivers' programs with the Swedish Public Employment Service (AF). YA has launched 20 new programs for bus drivers in March and 25 new programs for truck drivers in April.



| FINANCIAL OVERVIEW, YA Holding Group | First quarter | | | Full year |
|--|---------------|-------|------------|-----------|
| (SEK millions) | 2022 | 2021 | Difference | 2021 |
| Net sales | 216.9 | 197.1 | 19.8 | 744.4 |
| EBITDA | 15.9 | 26.7 | -10.9 | 101.4 |
| EBITDA-margin, % | 7.3% | 13.6% | -6.2 ppt | 13.6% |
| EBIT | -8.1 | 10.5 | -18.7 | 24.1 |
| EBIT-margin, % | -3.8% | 5.3% | -9.1 ppt | 3.2% |
| Non-recurring items | - | - | - | -4.0 |
| EBITDA excl. non-recurring items | 15.9 | 26.7 | -10.9 | 105.4 |
| EBITDA-margin excl. non-recurring items | 7.3% | 13.6% | -6.2 ppt | 14.2% |
| EBIT excl. non-recurring items | -8.1 | 10.5 | -18.7 | 28.1 |
| EBIT-margin excl. non-recurring items | -3.8% | 5.3% | -9.1 ppt | 3.8% |
| Net debt | 578.6 | 500.3 | 78.4 | 551.3 |
| Cash flow | -8.8 | 1.6 | -10.4 | 86.1 |
| Number of participants avg | 10 643 | 6 636 | 4 007 | 6 183 |
| Share of participants employed | 61% | 44% | 17 ppt | 58% |
| Leverage (Net debt/EBITDA past 12 months) * | 3.4 | 5.1 | -1.7 | 2.7 |
| Interest Coverage (EBITDA/Net financing cost)* | 5.3 | 6.0 | -0.7 | 8.1 |

The Alternative Performance Measures (APM) content is defined at the end of this report.

* Net debt, EBITDA, and net financing cost applied in calculating Leverage and Interest Coverage are including Arcus. EBITDA of Arcus for April – December 2021 was 73.9 mnkr. Arcus was acquired on December 27 2021 and is part of the Group from this date.

Net Sales, per quarter, mnkr



Profit, per quarter, mnkr





Extensive launch of new training programs

The active labor market politics conducted in Sweden is maintaining the need for education and matching services. However, the number of people attending employment training (AUB) in Sweden has decreased by 24.9% from 8 312 in March 2021 to 6 246 in March 2022. The decline is attributable to the expiration of the earlier contracts for professional drivers' programs. The average number of people attending all YA's training and education programs has increased by 60% from 6 636 in the 1st quarter of 2021 to 10 643 in the 1st quarter of 2022. The increase is a consequence of the acquisition of Arcus.

The discontinuation of the AUB programs for professional drivers affected YA's financial performance as the respective contracts were appealed in the administrative court earlier in 2021. EBIT for the quarter amounted to -8.1 mnkr (-3.8%) compared to 10.5 mnkr (5.3%) last year. YA has launched the new programs for bus drivers in March and for truck drivers in April. The contract suspension at the beginning of 2022 and the following start-up period are financially challenging as the contractually regulated capacity needs to be available on the first day of the training, regardless of starting volume of students. The number of students assigned to the new professional driver education has been significantly lower than the forecasts from AF given in connection to the procurement processes. The current low utilization rate of the respective course places contributes negatively to earnings from AUB. YA has implemented a large number of measures, including active cooperation with AF, to increase the number of students assigned to these programs.



Martin Modig
CEO, YA Holding AB (publ)



Ocational University (YH) has continued to develop positively both in financial performance and the number of study places. Revenues from the private corporate segment are recovering after being affected by the pandemic in 2021 and YA keeps strengthening its product portfolio. YA is also preparing to launch new programs in vocational secondary education (VUX) in April.

The acquisition of Arcus was an important strategic step and it was completed at year-end. YA integrated the matching services of YA and Arcus in March and YA is now the leading company in Sweden in both employment training and matching. Arcus is one of the most effective companies measured with its ability to help individuals get employed. The operations of Arcus are developing in a positive direction, but we acknowledge that the market for matching services is at present developing slower than AF was forecasting at the end of 2021.

Tn the short term, YA is facing a challenge in successfully launching the most extensive training programs in the history of YA. In the long term, YA is in the best position ever to create value for both society and its stakeholders by creating paths to real jobs and vocational education.

Swedish employers are facing increasing challenges in recruitment and competence development. At the same time, many people continue to be long-term unemployed. YA continues its efforts to provide high-quality vocational education and matching services.

Segment information

Employment training AUB incl. FUB (preparatory training)

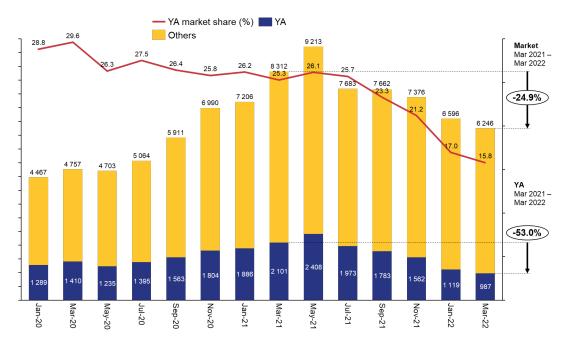
- The average number of students decreased by 50% in the quarter and amounted to 1 408 (2 833).
- Sales decreased by 45.4% to 62.9 mnkr (115.3).
- Operating profit (EBIT) fell to -29.1 mnkr (4.3).

The total number of attendants in AUB in Sweden decreased by 24.9%, from 8 312 students in March 2021 to 6 246 students in March 2022. At the same time, YA's market share declined from 25.3% in March 2021 to 15.8% in March 2022.

The decline is attributable to the discontinuation of the training programs for professional drivers as the respective contracts were appealed in the Administrative Court earlier in 2021. The Administrative Court rejected the application. The resolution of the Administrative Court was appealed to the Court of Appeal ('Kammarrätten') and further to the Supreme Administrative Court ('Högsta Förvaltningsdomstolen'). Both appeal courts have decided to dismiss the case.

Number of people in Employment Training (AUB)

Total participants in AUB, YA participants, and YA's market share during 2020 - 2022.



Source: Swedish Public Employment Service, Monthly Statistics



In January, YA signed 45 new contracts with AF for professional drivers' programs. YA has launched 20 new programs for bus drivers in March and 25 new programs for truck drivers in April. According to AFs forecasts, YA estimates that the combined annual turnover of these 45 contracts is about 300 mnkr.

The financial performance of AUB during the first quarter is affected by the contract suspension at the beginning of 2022 and the start-up period of the new training programs. It usually takes a few months until the number of students has reached sustainable volumes. According to the respective contracts, the vehicle fleet, premises, and related personnel need to be available on the first day of the training.

At the same time, the number of attendants and the financial performance in YA's other AUB programs has been developing positively. However, the outcome during the first quarter is dominated by the temporary overcapacity during the closure of the earlier programs and the start-up of the new programs.



Matching

- The average number of participants increased by 5 315 students in the quarter and amounted to 5 736 (421). The number is including participants in Introduction to Work (INAB)
 - The average number of participants in YrkesAkademin increased by
 231 students from 421 to 652.
 - The average number of participants in Arcus increased by 198 students from 4 886 to 5 084.
- Sales increased by 59.6 mnkr to 63.4 mnkr (3.8).
- Operating profit (EBIT) improved to 11.5 mnkr (-2.0).

After the acquisition of Arcus at year-end 2021, YA is the leading company in matching services. YA integrated the matching services of YA and Arcus in March and has started to identify and materialize synergies between education and matching. At the end of the first quarter, YA has 4 752 participants and a market share of 7.5% in matching.

AF has discontinued the earlier applied program called support and matching (Stöd och Matching - STOM) and introduced a new concept for privatized employment service (Kundval, Rusta och Matcha - KROM).

By the end of March, all the attendants in STOM have left the program and all the currently existing and new attendants are assigned to KROM. The new program is primarily targeted to reduce long-term unemployment. The compensation model in KROM is highly result-based and the result-based share of the compensation is paid after a participant has been employed for four months. However, the total compensation is more generous in the new program providing that the supplier is successful in helping people find employment. Arcus has a proven track

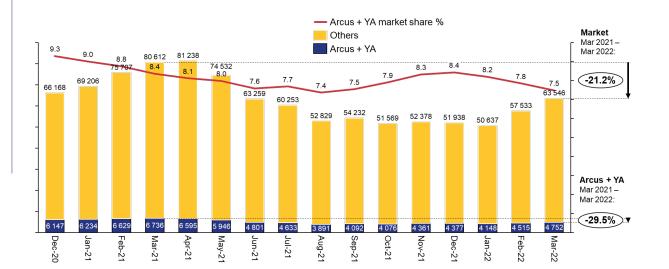
record to be a leading company in the industry and YA has all the reasons to believe that this success will continue in the future.

Transit of the contracts with the AF from STOM to the new matching system KROM is completed. However, the number of attendants assigned to KROM has been increasing slower than the number of attendants in STOM was decreasing in 2021, which had led to a temporary declining number of attendants in the market. This pattern was reversed in March and the total number of attendants is now growing fast as appears in the table below. The table below does not include participants in INAB. The method for revenue recognition in matching is described later in this report under the section Revenue from contracts with customers.



Number of people in matching

Total participants in matching (STOM and KROM w/o INAB), Arcus+YA participants, and Arcus+YA's market share.





Vocational University (YH)

- The number of students increased by 2.0 % in the quarter and amounted to 2 385 (2 338).
- Sales increased by 15.7% to 48.7 mnkr (42.1).
- Operating profit (EBIT) improved to 11.1 mnkr (5.4).

The growth in sales exceeds the growth in the number of students as the students signed in to short education programs are not included in statistics. YA remains one of the leading suppliers in this segment, showing consistently positive development in the number of students and financial value creation. YA has given a priority to proactive marketing activities to ensure a sustainable course occupation rate throughout the education programs.

YA is applying and further developing virtual reality-based education methods to stay on the edge of technical development. Electricity network specialist in wind power technology, civil engineer for sustainable construction, system developer, instruments and sterile technician, and marketing automation serves as a few examples of advanced and sustainable education programs that YA is currently providing or preparing for.

YA has successfully been granted 25 new education programs announced in January by the Swedish National Agency for Higher Vocational Education (MYH). Out of the 25 programs, 9 are new programs starting in the autumn of 2022 and 16 are continuing existing programs. At the same time, twelve of the existing programs are expiring resulting in a net effect of minus three programs. The number of programs granted to YA was one of the highest in Sweden covering more than 2 000 student places. YA has in February applied for further education programs. The decision by MYH is expected in May.

Vocational Secondary Education (VUX)

- The number of students increased by 6.6% in the quarter and amounted to 1 113 (1 044).
- Sales increased by 7.3% to 30.1 mnkr (28.1).
- Operating profit (EBIT) was -2.2 mnkr (1.9).

The growth in the number of students within VUX has continued and YA has given a priority to proactive marketing activities to ensure a sustainable course occupation rate throughout the education programs. YA's possibilities to apply synergies between AUB and VUX have been temporarily limited during the closure of the AUB programs for professional drivers.

The 1st quarter is generally the period with the lowest proportion of new student admissions as the municipalities are awaiting decisions regarding state subsidies and they will secure the availability of funding for the extensive course start-ups in Autumn.

YA continues its ambitions to develop new opportunities to grow municipal adult education. During the 1st quarter, YA won a major procurement for vehicle and transport, building and construction, heating, ventilation, and air conditioning (HVAC), and Real Estate in Norrköping. YA was also awarded additional training for the existing authorization agreements in the areas of vehicle and transport, construction, HVAC & property maintenance, hotel & restaurant, and electricity & energy at Järfälla in the Stockholm region.

A new education program for professional drivers started in January in Jönköping. YA has also started-up education for vehicle mechanics, professional drivers, and industrial technicians in Skellefteå in March and Umeå in April.

Other training

- Sales increased by 51.3% to 11.8 mnkr (7.8)
- Operating profit (EBIT) was 0.5 mnkr (1.0).

This segment reflects YA's cooperation with private corporates, institutional key accounts, and YA's subsidiary in Finland. YA's course catalog today consists of 200 unique programs and about 3000 courses planned for 2022. YA has invested in its salesforce and extension of its product portfolio to generate future growth.



YA is positioning itself in green transition through collaboration on an application for an EU project within green hydrogen together with several partners in Sweden. Several training programs are in progress in the field of electric vehicles. The transport segment currently is the largest segment of YA. A development within ECO driving is in progress and YA will be able to provide completely new training opportunities to its customers.

YA has broadened its product portfolio and course offering as YA recognizes that the demand from private corporates is recovering after being challenged by the pandemic both in 2020 and 2021. YA is also recognizing an increase in interest from its frame contract customers.



Number of students and financial information by segment

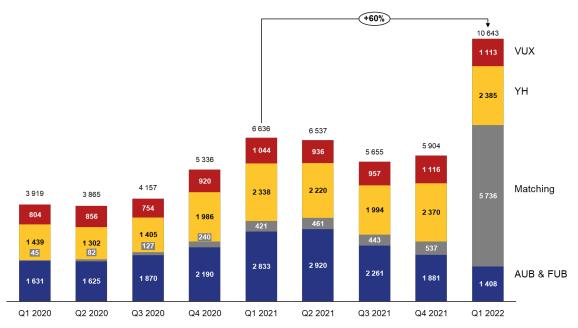
The number of students and financial information by segment appear in the tables below

Number of participants in YA-courses

The average number of participants in AUB & FUB, Matching (including INAB), YH, and VUX per quarter

First quarter financial information by segment

Following the acquisition of Arcus, YA has reassessed the segment structure as appears in the table below.



| Segment reporting as of today | | | | | | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|---------------|-------|------------|-------|------|--------|--------|
| | Avg n:o o | f | Sales | | EBIT | | EBIT | |
| | students | students mnkr | | by segment | | in % | | |
| | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 | 2022 | 2021 |
| Employment training * | 1 408 | 2 833 | 62.9 | 115.3 | -29.1 | 4.3 | -46.3% | 3.7% |
| Matching ** | 5 736 | 421 | 63.4 | 3.8 | 11.5 | -2.0 | 18.1% | -53.8% |
| Vocational University | 2 385 | 2 338 | 48.7 | 42.1 | 11.1 | 5.4 | 22.9% | 12.8% |
| Vocational secondary educ. | 1 113 | 1 044 | 30.1 | 28.1 | -2.2 | 1.9 | -7.1% | 6.6% |
| Other training | | | 11.8 | 7.8 | 0.5 | 1.0 | 4.4% | 12.8% |
| Total | 10 643 | 6 636 | 216.9 | 197.1 | -8.1 | 10.5 | -3.8% | 5.3% |

| | Interestincome | | Profit bef | fore | | |
|------------|----------------|------|--------------------|------|-------|--|
| | and expenses | | and expenses taxes | | taxes | |
| | 2022 2021 | | 2022 | 2021 | | |
| YA Holding | -12.1 | -4.7 | -20.2 | 5.8 | | |

* including also preparatory training. ** Including participants in Introduction to Work (INAB).













Sustainability-linked finance framework

According to the sustainability-linked finance framework, YA shall maintain the share of participants employed (measured three months after graduation) at a minimum level of 70% of responses. The KPI is measured for Labor Market Training (AUB) and Vocational secondary education (VUX) as an average for the last four quarters.

The share of participants employed has been 61% during the 1st quarter and 62% for the running twelve months period. YA acknowledges that the pandemic had a temporary negative effect on the share of participants employed.

Audit by the Swedish Transport Agency (TS)

As commented in earlier reports, YA has been subject to supervision by TS in five locations where YA conducts professional truck and bus drivers' education. TS considered that there were significant shortcomings in YA's quality assurance work. YA has implemented an extensive action plan to remedy the identified shortcomings. YA expects to be subject to a follow-up audit by TS at which time YA is determined to receive confirmation that the identified shortcomings have been remedied.

Events after the quarter

Following the launch of training for professional bus drivers in 20 locations in March, YA has launched the training for professional truck drivers in April. The contracts for professional truck drivers cover 25 locations.

The Vocational University has been granted 15 short education programs as announced in May by The Swedish National Agency for Higher Vocational Education. These programs cover 1340 study places. Assuming filled classrooms, the total value of the newly granted programs is 25 mnkr over a period of two years.

Significant risks and uncertainties

YA has not experienced any material changes in its risk exposure. YA does not have significant overdue receivables. The public customers are deemed as credit-worthy stakeholders. YA keeps following a consistent policy regarding expected credit losses. According to the applicable financial reporting principles, the carried value of rental facilities that are not utilized is impaired.

The demand for education and matching services is foreseen to grow motivated by the active labor market politics conducted in Sweden. YA expects that the growth in demand shall open further business opportunities.

YA or YA's suppliers have no operations in Russia, Belarus, or Ukraine and the armed conflict that escalated in Ukraine in February 2022 has no direct impact on YA's operations. On the other hand, the market price of fuel has risen sharply due to the conflict. This may have a negative impact on YA's operating costs and YA has therefore requested additional negotiations with AF regarding fuel compensation for the new contracts.

Significant risks and uncertainties are further described in the annual report.















Financial performance

Revenues First quarter January – March 2022

Revenue amounted to 216.9 mnkr for the quarter, showing an increase of 10.1% compared to the 1st quarter of 2021 (197.1).

New education programs in YH and VUX are generating incremental revenues in the 1st quarter and the revenues in these segments are showing an improvement over the previous year. YA has for the first time consolidated profit & loss statement of Arcus leading to significant growth in revenues from matching.

The revenues from private corporates included in the segment 'other training' are also showing signs of recovery after being challenged by the pandemic. YA has also broadened its product portfolio and course offering.

Closure of the AUB programs for professional drivers and the following start-up period are leading to a temporary significant decline in revenues from employment training. The growth in all the other segments is adequate to compensate for the decline in AUB and the consolidated revenues of the Group are growing compared to the same quarter last year. YA is expecting the revenues from AUB to recover in the coming months following the start-up of the bus driver training in March and the truck driver training in April, provided that AF keeps its forecast.

Earnings First quarter January – March 2022

EBITDA amounted to 15.9 mnkr (26.7) for the quarter. EBIT amounted to -8.1 mnkr (10.5) for the quarter.

The close-down of the AUB programs for professional drivers had led to a temporary decline in capacity utilization. YA has 2021 implemented a capacity adaptation program intending to adjust capacity in line with the decline in participant volumes. However, YA was maintaining its organizational structure during the period of closure to have an adequate capacity in place to re-launch the training. Earnings from VUX are also temporarily affected negatively by the closure of AUB transport training as the closing period is limiting the opportunities to apply synergies between these two segments in form of shared personnel, vehicle fleet, and premises.

Earnings from YH, Matching, and other AUB programs than transport improved over the previous year. Based on the forecast by AF, YA expects earnings from AUB to recover in the coming months in line with the recovering revenues. YA acknowledged that the challenge related to the re-launching of the AUB transport programs will remain in the 2nd quarter as the contract with AF requires that the premises, vehicle fleet, and related personnel need to be available at the beginning of the training, regardless of the number of students assigned.

Cash flow and the financial position

Cash flow from operating activities amounted to 4.2 mnkr (21.5) during the quarter. The operating cash flow excludes payments for rental facilities and leasing.

Cash flow from investing activities amounted to -2.3 mnkr (-1.3) during the quarter. YA is financing its investments e.g. vehicle fleet and premises with leasing.

Cash flow from financing activities amounted to -10.7 mnkr (-18.6) during the quarter. A shareholder contribution of 30 mnkr according to the new bond terms was paid on January 4 and it is reflected in the cash flow from financing activities. Cash flow from financing activities is also reflecting payments for rental facilities and leasing.

Total cash flow amounted to -8.8 mnkr (1.6) for the quarter.

The consolidated equity as of March 31, 2022, amounted to 95.9 mnkr (84.1). The interest-bearing net liabilities including leasing and rental facilities amounted to 578.6 mnkr (500.3). Net debt in relation to EBITDA (rolling 12 months) amounted to 3.4 (5.1). The interest coverage (EBITDA/Net financing cost rolling 12 months) amounted to 5.3 (6.0). Net debt, EBITDA, and net financing cost applied in calculating Leverage and Interest Coverage are including Arcus.

The financial covenant (maintenance test) according to the bond terms is met if the net interest-bearing debt to EBITDA is less than:

- 5.50 on or before December 31, 2022
- 4.50 after December 31, 2022, but on or before December 31, 2023
- 3.50 after December 31, 2023.











Other disclosures

Transactions with related parties

No transactions with related parties have taken place other than fees to board members and senior executives.

Dividends paid

YA has not paid any dividends during the financial year.

Financial information of the parent company

The parent company, YA Holding AB, is included in the consolidated income statement, statement of financial position, and cash-flow statement. YA Holding AB does not conduct any operating activities, which appears in the income statement at the end of this report.

The average number of employees in the Group

For the quarter, the average number of employees counted as Full-Time-Equivalents (FTE) in the Group was 805 (557). The growth is attributable to the acquisition of Arcus.

Reporting dates

Interim report Q2
Interim report Q3
August 26, 2022
November 25, 2022

For further information, please contact:

Antti Rokala, CFO YA Holding AB Holmgatan 22 • PO Box 127 • SE-791 23 Falun, Sweden www.ya.se • antti.rokala@ya.se • +46 76 899 4973

This interim report has not been audited by the Companys's auditors.

Stockholm May 25, 2022

The Board of Directors

Katarina Axelsson
Chairman

Joachim Berner Conny Karlsson

Tobias Karte

Leif Pagrotsky

Johan Pålsson



















Financial statements - YAH

| YA | Hola | lino | Group |
|-----|---------|------|-------|
| 121 | 1 10111 | ıng | Group |

| Condensed consolidated statements of income, YA Holding Group | | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | | | |
| (SER tilousalius) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 | | | |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 | | | |
| Other operating income | 515 | 292 | 2 477 | | | |
| Total | 217 435 | 197 383 | 746 923 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Other external costs | -79 651 | -81 290 | -300 340 | | | |
| Employee benefit expenses | -121 898 | -89 348 | -345 098 | | | |
| Amortisation and depreciation of intangible | | | | | | |
| and tangible fixed assets | -24 033 | -16 225 | -77 260 | | | |
| Other operating expenses | -2 | -6 | -91 | | | |
| Operating result | -8 148 | 10 514 | 24 133 | | | |
| Operating Result excl exceptional items | -8 148 | 10 514 | 28 099 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Profit/loss from financial items | | | | | | |
| Other interest income and similar profit items | 3 | 10 | 38 | | | |
| Interest expense and similar loss items | -12 068 | -4 693 | -23 884 | | | |
| Result after financial items | -20 213 | 5 832 | 287 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Tax on result for the period | -1 372 | 94 | 9 339 | | | |
| Net result for the period | -21 585 | 5 926 | 9 626 | | | |

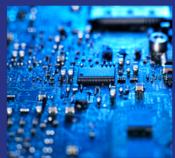
| Consolidated statements of comprehensive income, YA Holding Group | | | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | | |
| (SER tilousalius) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 | | |
| Net result for the period | -21 585 | 5 926 | 9 626 | | |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | 23 | 46 | -237 | | |
| Comprehensive income for the period | -21 562 | 5 972 | 9 389 | | |

| Condensed consolidated statements of fi | nancial position | on, YA Hol <mark>di</mark> n | g Group |
|---|------------------|------------------------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Non-current assets | | | |
| Intangible fixed assets | 665 249 | 438 240 | 663 582 |
| Tangible fixed assets | 181 862 | 184 025 | 176 071 |
| Financial assets | 8 029 | 4 363 | 9 675 |
| Current assets | | | |
| Current receivables | 106 169 | 81 237 | 122 360 |
| Cash and bank balances | 93 005 | 17 211 | 101 803 |
| Total assets | 1 054 314 | 725 077 | 1 073 492 |
| | | | |
| Equity | 95 932 | 84 077 | 117 494 |
| Liabilities | | | |
| Other provisions | 365 | 758 | 474 |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt | 548 549 | 410 354 | 556 648 |
| Bond loans | 471 996 | 340 608 | 471 259 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 76 553 | 69 746 | 85 389 |
| Other long-term debt | 100 000 | - | 100 000 |
| Short-term interest-bearing debt | 123 061 | 107 107 | 96 459 |
| Other short-term debt | 50 000 | - | 50 000 |
| Current liabilities | 136 407 | 122 781 | 152 417 |
| Total equity and liabilities | 1 054 314 | 725 077 | 1 073 492 |













| STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY | | | | | |
|---|------------------|--------------------------|---|----------------------|---------|
| (SEK thousands) | Share capital | Other paid in capital | Foreign currency translation reserve | Retained earnings | Total |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2022 | 500 | 348 952 | -375 | -231 583 | 117 494 |
| Net profit | | - | - | -21 585 | -21 585 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | - | 23 | - | 23 |
| Closing balance as of March 31, 2022 | 500 | 348 952 | -352 | -253 168 | 95 932 |
| | • | • | • | | • |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2021 | 500 | 318 952 | -138 | -241 209 | 78 105 |
| Net profit | | - | - | 5 926 | 5 926 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | - | 46 | - | 46 |
| Closing balance as of March 31, 2021 | 500 | 318 952 | -92 | -235 283 | 84 077 |
| | | | | | |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2021 | 500 | 318 952 | -138 | -241 209 | 78 105 |
| Net profit | | - | - | 9 626 | 9 626 |
| Shareholder's contribution | | 30 000 | - | - | 30 000 |
| Foreign currency translation reserve | | _ | -237 | _ | -237 |
| Closing balance as of December 31, 2021 | 500 | 348 952 | -375 | -231 583 | 117 494 |

| Condensed consolidated statements of cash-flows, YA Holding Group | | | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 2022-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-12-31 | | |
| Operating profit (EBIT) for the period | -8 148 | 10 514 | 24 133 | | |
| Depreciation/amortization | 24 032 | 16 225 | 76 400 | | |
| Interest paid/received | -12 034 | -3 799 | -22 717 | | |
| Other non-cash items | -109 | -141 | -425 | | |
| Income tax paid | -3 327 | -806 | 1 103 | | |
| Cash flow from operating activities before | | | | | |
| change in operating capital | 414 | 21 993 | 78 493 | | |
| Change in operating working capital | 3 786 | -539 | -18 227 | | |
| Cash flow from operating activities | 4 200 | 21 454 | 60 266 | | |
| Cash flow from investing activities | -2 338 | -1 257 | -28 542 | | |
| Cash flow from financing activities | -10 660 | -18 640 | 54 425 | | |
| Cash flow for the period | -8 798 | 1 557 | 86 149 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, opening balance | 101 803 | 15 654 | 15 654 | | |
| Cash and cash equivalents, closing balance | 93 005 | 17 211 | 101 803 | | |



















Financial statements - Parent company

| Condensed statements of income, Parent company | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | | | |
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 | | | |
| Net sales | 2 237 | - | 30 579 | | | |
| Other operating income | - | - | 62 | | | |
| Total | 2 237 | • | 30 641 | | | |
| Operating expenses | | | | | | |
| Other external costs | -650 | -4 598 | -11 215 | | | |
| Employee benefit expenses | -1 979 | -3 460 | -8 050 | | | |
| Operating result | -394 | -8 058 | 11 375 | | | |
| Profit/loss from financial items | | | | | | |
| Profit from participations in group companies | - | - | 7 000 | | | |
| Other interest income and similar profit items | | | | | | |
| Interest expense and similar loss items | -11 132 | -4 238 | -20 650 | | | |
| Result after financial items | -11 526 | -12 296 | -2 275 | | | |
| | | | | | | |
| Tax on profit for the period | - | - | 6 410 | | | |
| Net result for the period | -11 526 | -12 296 | 4 135 | | | |

| Statements of comprehensive income, Parent Company | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | | |
| (SER thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 | | |
| Net result for the period | -11 526 | -12 296 | 4 135 | | |
| Comprehensive income for the period | -11 526 | -12 296 | 4 135 | | |





| Condensed statements of financial position, Parent company | | | | | | | |
|--|------------|------------|------------|--|--|--|--|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 | | | | |
| Non-current assets | | | • | | | | |
| Financial assets | 586 227 | 320 038 | 584 561 | | | | |
| Current assets | | | | | | | |
| Current receivables | 184 226 | 163 683 | 213 045 | | | | |
| Cash and bank balances | 50 580 | 514 | 23 333 | | | | |
| Total assets | 821 032 | 484 235 | 820 939 | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| Equity | 97 873 | 62 968 | 109 399 | | | | |
| Liabilities | | | | | | | |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt | 471 996 | 340 608 | 471 259 | | | | |
| Other long-term debt | 100 000 | = | 100 000 | | | | |
| Other short-term debt | 50 000 | - | 50 000 | | | | |
| Current liabilities | 101 163 | 80 660 | 90 281 | | | | |
| | | | - | | | | |
| Total equity and liabilities | 821 032 | 484 235 | 820 939 | | | | |

| STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY | | | | |
|---|---------|------------|----------|---------|
| (SEK thousands) | Share | Other paid | Retained | |
| (SER tribusarius) | capital | in capital | earnings | Total |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2022 | 500 | 348 953 | -240 054 | 109 399 |
| Net profit | | - | -11 526 | -11 526 |
| Closing balance as of March 31, 2022 | 500 | 348 953 | -251 580 | 97 873 |
| | | | | |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2021 | 500 | 318 953 | -244 189 | 75 264 |
| Net profit | | - | -12 296 | -12 296 |
| Closing balance as of March 31, 2021 | 500 | 318 953 | -256 485 | 62 968 |
| | | | | |
| Opening balance as of January 1, 2021 | 500 | 318 953 | -244 189 | 75 264 |
| Net profit | | - | 4 135 | 4 135 |
| Shareholder's contribution | | 30 000 | - | 30 000 |
| Closing balance as of December 31, 2021 | 500 | 348 953 | -240 054 | 109 399 |



Notes

Accounting principles

The interim financial statements for the Group have been prepared following IAS 34 Interim Financial Reporting, as well as applicable stipulations in the Annual Accounts Act. The Interim report for the Parent Company is prepared following the chapter nine Interim report in the Annual Accounts Act.

The accounting policies and basis of calculation applied are the same as those described in YA Holding's Annual Report, which was prepared following the International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) as adopted by the EU.

For a description of the Group's accounting policies, reference is made to the annual financial report.



| Disaggregation of revenues | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|
| (SEK thousands) | Employment training * | Matching | Vocational University | Vocational secondary educ. | Other training | Total revenues | |
| First quarter 2022 | | | | | | | |
| Revenues from educational services | 62 906 | | 48 715 | 30 136 | 11 814 | 153 571 | |
| Revenues from matching | | 63 350 | | | | 63 350 | |
| Total revenues | 62 906 | 63 350 | 48 715 | 30 136 | 11 814 | 216 921 | |
| First quarter 2021 | _ | | | | | | |
| Revenues from educational services | 115 287 | | 42 075 | 28 064 | 7 870 | 193 296 | |
| Revenues from matching | | 3 795 | | | | 3 795 | |
| Total revenues | 115 287 | 3 795 | 42 075 | 28 064 | 7 870 | 197 091 | |
| Full year 2021 | | | | - | | - | |
| Revenues from educational services | 416 329 | | 159 602 | 112 644 | 36 633 | 725 208 | |
| Revenues from matching | | 19 238 | | | | 19 238 | |
| Total revenues | 416 329 | 19 238 | 159 602 | 112 644 | 36 633 | 744 446 | |

| Timing of revenue recognitio | n | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------|----------|--------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|----------------|
| (SEK thousands) | Employment training * | Matching | Vocational University | Vocational secondary educ. | Other training | Total revenues |
| First quarter 2022 | | | | | | |
| Point in time | | 36 877 | | | | 36 877 |
| Over time | 62 906 | 26 473 | 48 715 | 30 136 | 11 814 | 180 044 |
| Total revenues | 62 906 | 63 350 | 48 715 | 30 136 | 11 814 | 216 921 |
| First quarter 2021 Point in time | | | | | | |
| Over time | 115 287 | 3 795 | 42 075 | 28 064 | 7 870 | 197 091 |
| Total revenues | 115 287 | 3 795 | 42 075 | 28 064 | 7 870 | 197 091 |
| Full year 2021 | | | | | | |
| Point in time | | 4 761 | | | | 4 761 |
| Over time | 416 329 | 14 477 | 159 602 | 112 644 | 36 633 | 739 685 |
| Total revenues | 416 329 | 19 238 | 159 602 | 112 644 | 36 633 | 744 446 |

Segment 'Employment training' is including also preparatory training.



Revenue from contracts with customers

Educational services

Revenue from contracts with customers is recognized over time, when the related services are delivered to the provided students, at an amount that reflects to which extent YA is contractually entitled to compensation. If the contract includes a variable amount, YA recognizes the amount of compensation to which it will be entitled after YA has fully completed its contractual obligations towards the customer.

However, variable compensation from VUX is recognized during the education period by acknowledging estimates of the number of participants that do not complete the education. Related contracts with the municipalities provide customers with a right to refrain from payment if the student interrupts their education or does not pass full grades.

Matching

Revenues from matching include a daily compensation for the attendants in the program and a variable consideration in form of a performance bonus. The daily compensation is recognized each day over the contract period.

Arcus is also entitled to a performance bonus from matching services when participants stay employed during a period of at least four months, i.e. a variable consideration. The performance bonus is recognized at a point in time, i.e. at the time when Arcus has fulfilled the performance obligation to find an employment. Arcus has significant experience selling this and similar services. Accounting for these services has been aligned to YA as part of preparing the PPA in accordance with IFRS. Previously, under accounting principles K3, the variable consideration was not recognized as revenue until the participants had been employed for four months. The impact of the alignment to IFRS 15 was 10.3 mnkr effective December 31, 2021. The respective adjustment is made to the purchase price allocation as explained below. This has no impact on the profit and loss statement of the Group in 2021.

The entity applies the requirements in IFRS 15 to the portfolio of matching contracts because it reasonably expects that the effects on the financial statements from applying these requirements to the portfolio would not differ materially from applying the requirements to the individual contracts within the portfolio.

The observable data indicate that Arcus historically receives a significant portion of the variable consideration for these services. To estimate the variable consideration to which Arcus will be entitled, YA has decided to use the expected value method in IFRS 15 because it is the method that the entity expects to best predict the amount of consideration to which Arcus will be entitled to.

YA has also considered the requirements in IFRS 15 on constraining estimates of variable consideration to determine whether some or all of the estimated amount of variable consideration can be included in the transaction price. YA has considered different factors and determined that Arcus has significant previous experience with these services and current market information that supports its estimate. Also, the constraint will be resolved within a short time frame (i.e. four months).

YA has also considered uncertainty and volatility resulting from factors outside its influence, such as the development in the labor market and general economic trends and related factors. Consequently, YA has concluded that it is highly probable that a significant reversal in the cumulative amount of revenue recognized will not occur if they include 70% of the variable consideration in the transaction price at the time when the employment starts and therefore, recognizes revenue at that amount. YA reassesses the estimates of the transaction price at each reporting date until the uncertainty is resolved in accordance with IFRS 15.



The interest of the bond loan

The interest rate of the bond loan is STIBOR 3 months + 8.75%. The transaction cost of 8.7 mnkr is treated as interest expenses until the loan's maturity according to the effective interest method. The average borrowing rate has been deemed at 9.4%. The unpaid effective interest is allocated to the bond loan in the statement of financial position.

The fair value of financial instruments

YA's financial instruments (assets and liabilities) consisting of trade receivables, other receivables, cash and cash equivalents, liabilities to credit institutions, accounts payable, bond loan, and other liabilities are valued in the accounts at accrued acquisition value.

Since loans to credit institutions are at variable interest, which essentially is deemed to correspond to current market interest rates, the book value excluding transaction costs is considered to correspond to fair value. Other financial assets and liabilities have short terms.

It is deemed that, for these instruments, the fair values are approximately equal to their book values. Therefore, the carrying amount is considered to correctly reflect the fair value.

Contingent liabilities

Contingent liabilities are described in annual accounts as part of note n:o 30.

Acquisition and purchase price allocation

In December 2021 YA acquired all shares in Arcus Utbildning och Jobbförmedling AB.

The preliminary purchase price allocation as reported in the 4th quarter interim report and in the annual accounts 2021 is adjusted in the table below by allocating 10.3 mnkr to accrued revenue under Other current assets as explained below. A respective adjustment of 2.1 mnkr is made to the Deferred tax liability. The main business of Arcus is to provide matching services to job seekers based on respective contracts with the Swedish Public Employment Service. The acquisition had the following effect on YA's consolidated accounts:

The purchase price is to be paid in four installments. A preliminary purchase price of 104 mnkr, including compensation of 54 mnkr regarding net cash of Arcus, was paid within the transaction. The additional purchase price consists of three equal installments with a maximum total value of 150 mnkr. These installments shall be paid

| Purchase Price Allocation | |
|---|---------|
| Aquisition price | 255 813 |
| of which first installment paid | 105 813 |
| of which conditional purchase price | 150 000 |
| Fair value of net assets acquired | |
| Intangible assets - brand | 11 700 |
| Other non-current assets | 54 171 |
| Non-current assets | 65 871 |
| Other current assets | 28 304 |
| Cash and cash equivalents | 71 584 |
| Current assets | 99 888 |
| Total assets acquired | 165 759 |
| Other non-current liabilities | 3 087 |
| Deferred tax | 7 846 |
| Non current liabilities | 39 362 |
| Current liabilities | 85 932 |
| Total liabilities assumed | 125 294 |
| Total fair value of net assets acquired | 40 465 |
| Goodwill | 215 348 |

annually in 2022, 2023, and 2024 and the value of 150 mnkr is reflected under 'other debts' in this report. The incremental purchase price is subject to the financial performance of Arcus in 2021-2023.

Based on an analysis of the purchase agreement conducted, 11.7 mnkr of the total purchase price has been allocated to the brand. The assessment is based on the ability of Arcus to attract job seekers to choose Arcus and on the proven track record of Arcus in successfully matching people to real jobs. YA plans to maintain Arcus as an independent brand. Hence, no amortizations are planned, but the carried value shall be subject to an impairment test annually. Additionally, 10.3 mnkr has been allocated to accrued revenue due to changes in accounting principles when applying IFRS 15 Revenue from Contracts with Customers for the Group. The accrued revenue relate to estimated performance bonuses which is a variable consideration that is recognized earlier within IFRS than according to the entity's applied local GAAP.

The rest of the purchase price has been allocated to goodwill, which is mainly deemed to consist of the expected future cash flows and synergy effects. Cost related to a conducted due diligence process and SPA, about the acquisition, has amounted to 4.0 mnkr. Net cash flow effect from the acquisition amounts to 32.6 mnkr consisting of the initial purchase price of 104.2 mnkr minus acquired cash and cash equivalents of 71.6 mnkr on the acquisition date.



| Translations | |
|----------------------------------|--|
| Arbetsförmedlingen (AF) | The Swedish Public Employment Service |
| Yrkeshögskola (YH) | Vocational University |
| Arbetsmarknadsutbildning (AUB) | Employment Training |
| Förberedande utbildning (FUB) | Preparatory Training |
| Yrkesvux (VUX) | Vocational Secondary Education |
| Stöd och matching (STOM) | Support and matching |
| Kundval, Rusta och Matcha (KROM) | Privatized Employment Service |
| Introduktion till Arbetet (INAB) | Introduction to Work |
| Yrkeshögskolemyndighet (MYH) | Swedish National Agency for Higher Vocational Education |

Definition

Non-IFRS financial measures (APM) are presented to enhance stakeholders' possibility to evaluate the operating performance and to facilitate meaningful comparison between periods. The APMs in this report may differ from similar-titled measures used by other companies.



Calculation of performance measures

| Operational Performance M | easures | |
|--------------------------------|---|--|
| Performance measure | Description | Reason for use of the measure |
| Number of students | The average number of students enrolled during the specified period. | The number of students is the most important driver of revenue. |
| Number of full-time employees | The average number of full-time employees during the period counted as full-time equivalents (FTE). | The number of employees is the main cost driver for Operating Expenses (OPEX). |
| Share of participants employed | Percentage of students that were employed (part-time or full time) three months after graduation. | This is the most important measure of the effect of YA's education programs. |



















| Alternative Performance Me | easures (APM) | |
|------------------------------|--|---|
| Performance measure | Description | Reason for use of the measure |
| Operating Expenses (OPEX) | Cost of all the resources the company needs to maintain its operations (personnel, consultants, premises, vehicles, etc) excluding interest and taxes. | OPEX in proportion to the company's revenues is used to measure the operating efficiency of the company. |
| EBIT | Net sales plus other income minus OPEX (Earnings Before Interests and Taxes) | EBIT is used to measure the operating performance after deduction of all its operating expenses. |
| EBIT-margin | EBIT divided by net sales. | EBIT margin is used to measure EBIT in proportion to net sales and it indicates the operating efficiency of the company. |
| EBITDA | Net sales plus other income minus all the other expenses than interest, tax, depreciation, and amortization According to the standard IFRS16 EBITDA is excluding the cost of leasing and rental. | EBITDA is used to measure the operating performance before deducting the depreciation costs. |
| EBITDA-margin | EBITDA divided by net sales. | EBITDA-margin is used to measure EBITDA in proportion to net sales. |
| Non-recurring items | Income and expenses that are temporary and hence affect comparability between the reporting periods (cost related to a conducted due diligence process and SPA, about the acquisition of Arcus). | Non-recurring items are used to clarify the profit and loss items that are of temporary nature to create a clearer picture of the underlying performance. |

| Operating Expenses (OPEX) | | | |
|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 2022-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-12-31 |
| Other external costs | -79 651 | -81 290 | -300 340 |
| Employee benefit expenses | -121 898 | -89 348 | -345 098 |
| Amortisation and depreciation of intangible and tangible assets | -24 033 | -16 225 | -77 260 |
| Other operating expenses | -2 | -6 | -91 |
| OPEX | -225 584 | -186 869 | -722 790 |
| EBIT | | | |
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 2022-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-03-31 | 2021-01-01 2021-12-31 |

| EBIT | | | |
|------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| (SER HIOUSAHUS) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| Other operating income | 515 | 292 | 2 477 |
| OPEX | -225 584 | -186 869 | -722 790 |
| EBIT | -8 148 | 10 514 | 24 133 |

| EBIT-margin | | | |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| (SER thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| EBIT | -8 148 | 10 514 | 24 133 |
| EBIT-margin | -3,8% | 5,3% | 3,2% |

| EBITDA | | | |
|---------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| (SER HIOUSAHUS) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| Other operating income | 515 | 292 | 2 477 |
| Other external costs | -79 651 | -81 290 | -300 340 |
| Employee benefit expenses | -121 898 | -89 348 | -345 098 |
| Other operating expenses | -2 | -6 | -91 |
| EBITDA | 15 884 | 26 739 | 101 393 |

| EBITDA-margin | | | |
|-----------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| (SER thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| EBITDA | 15 884 | 26 739 | 101 393 |
| EBITDA-margin | 7,3% | 13,6% | 13,6% |

| Non-recurring items | | | |
|---------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Non-recurring items | - | - | 3 966 |



| Value Value | |
|-------------|-------------|
| Aka | es demin |

| Alternative Performance Me | asures (APM) | | EBIT excl non-recurring items |
|--------------------------------|--|--|--|
| Performance measure | Description | Reason for use of the measure | (SEK thousands) |
| EBIT excl. non-recurring items | Net sales plus other income minus OPEX excluding income and expenses affecting | EBIT excl. non-recurring items allows meaningful comparison between | Net sales |
| non-recorring nems | comparability. | accounting periods as the influence of | Other operating income |
| | Companioney. | one-time items is excluded. | OPEX |
| EBITDA excl. | Net sales plus other income minus all | EBITDA excl. non-recurring items | Non-recurring items |
| non-recurring items | the other expenses than interest, tax, | allows meaningful comparison between | EBIT excl non-recurring items |
| g | depreciation, and amortization but excluding items affecting comparability. | accounting periods (w/o depreciations) as the influence of one-time items is | EBITDA excl non-recurring ite |
| | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , | excluded. | (SEK thousands) |
| Net debt | Bond load, other non-current liabilities, | The net debt is used to measure the net | Net sales |
| | revolving facility, and leasing liability minus | value of the company's liabilities after | Other operating income |
| | cash balances. | deducting the value of cash balances. | Other external costs |
| Leverage | Net debt divided by EBITDA excl | Leverage indicates how many years the | Employee benefit expenses |
| | non-recurring items for the past | company would need to operate with | Other operating expenses |
| | 12 months (incl. Arcus). | the current profitability to repay all its | Non-recurring items |
| | EDITION 1 1 1 1 1 1 | interest-bearing liabilities. | EBITDA excl non-recurring ite |
| Interest coverage | EBITDA excl non-recurring items divided by net interest expenses for the past | The interest coverage is used to measure the company's ability to cover the | Net debt |
| | 12 months (incl. Arcus). | interest costs. | (SEK thousands) |
| | | | (0 = 11 011 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 11 0 1 |

| EBIT excl non-recurring items | | | |
|-------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| Other operating income | 515 | 292 | 2 477 |
| OPEX | -225 584 | -186 869 | -722 790 |
| Non-recurring items | - | - | 3 966 |
| EBIT excl non-recurring items | -8 148 | 10 514 | 28 099 |

| EBITDA excl non-recurring items | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-01-01 | 2021-01-01 | 2021-01-01 |
| | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net sales | 216 921 | 197 091 | 744 446 |
| Other operating income | 515 | 292 | 2 477 |
| Other external costs | -79 651 | -81 290 | -300 340 |
| Employee benefit expenses | -121 898 | -89 348 | -345 098 |
| Other operating expenses | -2 | -6 | -91 |
| Non-recurring items | - | - | 3 966 |
| EBITDA excl non-recurring items | 15 884 | 26 739 | 105 359 |

| Net debt | | | |
|----------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Long-term interest-bearing debt | 548 549 | 410 354 | 556 648 |
| Short-term interest-bearing debt | 123 061 | 107 107 | 96 459 |
| Cash and bank balances | -93 005 | -17 211 | -101 803 |
| Net debt | 578 604 | 500 250 | 551 303 |

| Leverage (rolling 12 month period) | | | |
|------------------------------------|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| Net debt | 578 604 | 500 250 | 551 303 |
| EBITDA Arcus | *73 897 | | 95 488 |
| EBITDA YA | *78 620 | 98 619 | 105 359 |
| EBITDA (Jan-Mar 2022) | 15 884 | | |
| EBITDA R12 | 168 401 | 98 619 | 200 847 |
| Leverage | 3,4 | 5,1 | 2,7 |

| Interest coverage (rolling 12 month period) | | | |
|---|------------|------------|------------|
| (SEK thousands) | 2022-03-31 | 2021-03-31 | 2021-12-31 |
| EBITDA Arcus | *73 897 | | 95 488 |
| EBITDA YA | *78 620 | 98 619 | 105 359 |
| EBITDA (Jan-Mar 2022) | 15 884 | | |
| EBITDA R12 | 168 401 | 98 619 | 200 847 |
| Net interest expenses Arcus | 365 | | 884 |
| Net interest expenses YA | 19 163 | 16 530 | 23 846 |
| Net interest expenses (Jan-Mar 2022) | 12 065 | | |
| Net interest expenses R12 | 31 593 | 16 530 | 24 730 |
| Interest coverage | 5,3 | 6,0 | 8,1 |

